

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004

Introduced 2/4/2004, by Dan Cronin

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/26-1 from Ch. 122, par. 26-1 105 ILCS 5/26-2 from Ch. 122, par. 26-2 105 ILCS 5/26-14 from Ch. 122, par. 26-14

Amends the School Code. Increases the compulsory school age from 16 to 17 years of age (unless the child has already graduated from high school). Makes related changes. Effective August 1, 2004.

LRB093 20635 NHT 46474 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 26-1, 26-2, and 26-14 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/26-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-1)
- 7 Sec. 26-1. Compulsory school age; exemptions. Whoever has custody or control of any child between the ages of 7 and 17 $\frac{16}{10}$ 8 years (unless the child has already graduated from high school) 9 shall cause such child to attend some public school in the 10 district wherein the child resides the entire time it is in 11 session during the regular school term, except as provided in 12 Section 10-19.1, and during a required summer school program 13 14 established under Section 10-22.33B; provided, that the 15 following children shall not be required to attend the public 16 schools:
 - 1. Any child attending a private or a parochial school where children are taught the branches of education taught to children of corresponding age and grade in the public schools, and where the instruction of the child in the branches of education is in the English language;
- 22 2. Any child who is physically or mentally unable to attend school, such disability being certified to the county or 23 district truant officer by a competent physician or a Christian 24 25 Science practitioner residing in this State and listed in the 26 Christian Science Journal; or who is excused for temporary absence for cause by the principal or teacher of the school 27 28 which the child attends; the exemptions in this paragraph (2) 29 do not apply to any female who is pregnant or the mother of one 30 or more children, except where a female is unable to attend school due to a complication arising from her pregnancy and the 31 existence of such complication is certified to the county or 32

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- district truant officer by a competent physician;
- 3. Any child necessarily and lawfully employed according to the provisions of the law regulating child labor may be excused from attendance at school by the county superintendent of schools or the superintendent of the public school which the child should be attending, on certification of the facts by and the recommendation of the school board of the public school district in which the child resides. In districts having part time continuation schools, children so excused shall attend such schools at least 8 hours each week;
- 4. Any child over 12 and under 14 years of age while in attendance at confirmation classes;
- 5. Any child absent from a public school on a particular day or days or at a particular time of day for the reason that he is unable to attend classes or to participate in any examination, study or work requirements on a particular day or days or at a particular time of day, because the tenets of his religion forbid secular activity on a particular day or days or at a particular time of day. Each school board shall prescribe rules and regulations relative to absences for religious holidays including, but not limited to, a list of religious holidays on which it shall be mandatory to excuse a child; but nothing in this paragraph 5 shall be construed to limit the right of any school board, at its discretion, to excuse an absence on any other day by reason of the observance of a religious holiday. A school board may require the parent or guardian of a child who is to be excused from attending school due to the observance of a religious holiday to give notice, not exceeding 5 days, of the child's absence to the school principal or other school personnel. Any child excused from attending school under this paragraph 5 shall not be required to submit a written excuse for such absence after returning to school.
- 34 (Source: P.A. 89-610, eff. 8-6-96.)

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Sec. 26-2. Enrolled pupils below 7 or 17 or over 16. Any person having custody or control of a child who is below the age of 7 years or is 17 years of age or above the age of 16 years and who is enrolled in any of grades 1 through 12, in the public school shall cause him to attend the public school in the district wherein he resides when it is in session during the regular school term unless he is excused under paragraphs 2, 3, 4 or 5 of Section 26-1.

A school district shall deny reenrollment in its secondary schools to any child 17 years of age or above the age of 16 years who has dropped out of school and who could not, because of age and lack of credits, attend classes during the normal school year and graduate before his or her twenty-first birthday. A district may, however, enroll the child in an alternative learning opportunities program established under Article 13B. No child shall be denied reenrollment for the above reasons unless the school district first offers the child due process as required in cases of expulsion under Section 10-22.6. If a child is denied reenrollment after being provided with due process, the school district must provide counseling to that child and must direct that child to alternative educational programs, including adult education programs, that lead to graduation or receipt of a GED diploma. No child may be denied reenrollment in violation of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or the Americans with Disabilities Act.

27 (Source: P.A. 92-42, eff. 1-1-02.)

28 (105 ILCS 5/26-14) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-14)

Sec. 26-14. Truancy programs for dropouts. Any dropout, as defined in Section 26-2a, who is 17 whose age is 16 or greater, but less than 18 years of age, may apply to a school district for status as a truant, and the school district shall permit such person to participate in the district's various programs and resources for truants. At the time of the person's application, the district may request documentation of his

- 1 dropout status for the previous 6 months.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 85-629.)
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect August 1,
- 4 2004.